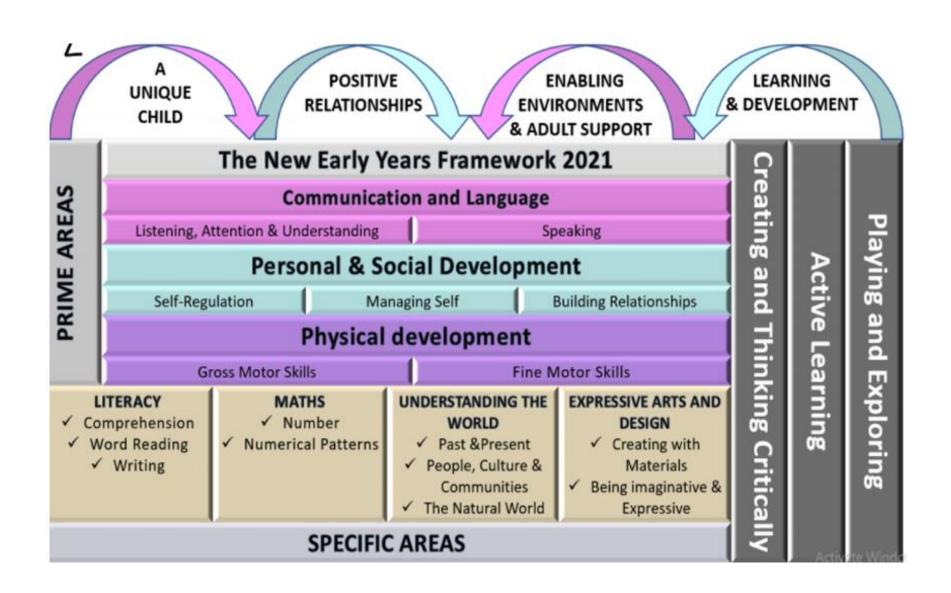






Reception Long Term Curriculum Overview

We use Development Matters to support our understanding of children's developmental stages throughout the year



	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEMES AND TEXTS YEAR A	Once Upon a time The Gingerbread Man Little Red Riding Hood The Wolf's Story	Day turns to Night Winter Sleep How to catch a star The Stick Man	Our Precious World Lilah and the Secret of the Rain There is an Elephant in my bedroom	All change Jack and the beanstalk Jim and the beanstalk A Squash and a squeeze	Creatures of the world - Land Animals Monkey Puzzle Tiger's Information The Tiger who came to tea Meerkat Mail	Out of this World Bob Man on the Moon Look Up Where the Wild things are
Other Class Text Opportunities YEAR A	Traditional Tales Starting School Biscuit Bear Little Red	The Snowman Tree The Very Last Leaf Star in the Jar	Once Upon a Raindrop After the Storm Dear Earth The Tantrum that saved the world	Goodbye Winter Hello Spring Shirley Hughes – Out and About	The Lion Inside Tidy Rumble in the Jungle Whose habitat is that?	The Way Back Home How to Catch a Star Whatever Next You choose space
GENERAL THEMES AND TEXTS YEAR B	Once Upon a time The Colour Monster The Little Red Hen The Three Little Pigs The three Horrid Pigs	Day turns to Night Owl Babies Night Monkey Day Monkey The Lonely Christmas Tree	Our Precious World Oi Get off our Train 10 things I can do to help my world The Secret Sky Garden	All change The Tadpole's Promise What the Ladybird Heard	Creatures of the world - Sea The Storm Whale The Snail and the Whale The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch	Out of this World The Robot and the Bluebird Bog Baby Zog
Other Class Text Opportunities YEAR B	Perfectly Norman Worrysaurus Chicken Licken The true story of the three little pigs	It was a cold dark night Max at Night The Midnight Zoo Handa's Night-time surprise	Please Help Planet Earth Over and Under the Pond Someone swallowed Stanley		Rainbow Fish Lost and Found Tiddler The Whale who wanted more	The Magic Paintbrush Ruby's Worry The Day the crayons quit Beegu
ENRICHMENT OPPORTUNITIES Throughout the year	Starting School (J&A Ahlberg) Autumn nature walk linked to the story – Leaf Man Harvest Time Harvest Festival Make Bread Bakery Visit Make Gingerbread Diwali	Bonfire Night Fireman Visit Remembrance Day World Kindness Day Road Safety Bedtime story evening Children in Need Anti- Bullying Week Theatre trip Christmas Time / Nativity Hanukah	Chinese New Year Story Telling Week Random Acts of Kindness Week Valentine's Day Internet Safety Day Safari explorers theme week. Visit to Museum endangered animals	Reading Picnic with parents Planting seeds Easter time Easter Egg Hunt Nature Scavenger Hunt Mother's Day Queen's Birthday Science Week Farm Visit	Walk around Thorpe Perrow Map work - make a map of our way to school/to the park Start of Ramadan Eid Visit to the Deep in Hull Seaside visit Under the Sea – singing songs and sea shanties Fossil hunting Duck Race	Father's Day Heathy Eating Week World Environment Day Ice cream van visit Sports Day Space Museum Visit

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2		
CHARACTERISTICS OF EFFECTIVE LEARNING	S <i>Playing and exploring:</i> Children investigate and experie and experiences to draw on which			participate in their own play	develop a larger store of	information		
LLANVING	Active learning: Children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties. They are proud of their own achievements. For children to develop into self-regulating, lifelong learners they are required to take ownership, accept challenges and learn persistence. Creating and thinking critically: Children develop their own ideas and make links between these ideas. They think flexibly and rationally, drawing on previous experiences which help them to solve problems and reach conclusions.							
OVER ARCHING PRINCIPLES	Unique Child Every child is unique and has the potential to be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured. Positive Relationships Children flourish with warm, strong & positive partnerships between all staff and parents/carers. This promotes independence across the EYFS curriculum. Enabling environments Children learn and develop well in safe and secure environments where routines are established and where adults respond to their individual needs and passions and help them to build upon their learning over time.							
	Learning and Development: Children develop and learn at different rates. We ensure all children are able to make progress across the areas of the learning including children with special educational needs and disabilities. PLAY							
	Throughout our federation, we believe Play underpins the EYFS. It also underpins learning and all aspects of children's development. Through play, children develop language skills, their emotions and creativity, social and intellectual skills. For most children their play is natural and spontaneous although some children may need extra help from adults.							
	Play takes place indoors and outdoors and it is in these different environments that children explore and discover their immediate world. It is here they practise new ideas and skills, they take risks, show imagination and solve problems on their own or with others. The role that adults have is crucial. Adults provide time and space and appropriate resources.							
	These might include clothes, bo watching and listening before int							

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEMES	Once Upon A Time	Day Turns to Night	Our Precious World	All Change	Creatures of the world Land (year A) Sea (Year B)	Out of This World
NSC Values	Unity	Kindness	Perseverance	Honesty	Responsibility	Respect
Melsonby Values Year A	Roots and Fruits Generosity	Roots and Fruits Compassion	Roots and Fruits Courage	Roots and Fruits Forgiveness	Roots and Fruits Friendship	Roots and Fruits Respect
Melsonby Values Year B	Roots and Fruits Thankfulness	Roots and Fruits Trust	Roots and Fruits Perseverance	Roots and Fruits Justice	Roots and Fruits Service	Roots and Fruits Truth
ASSESSMENT OPPORTUNITIES	In-house - Baseline data on entry National Baseline data by end of term Phonic Interventions	Ongoing assessments Baseline analysis Pupil progress meetings Parents evening EYFS team meetings In house moderation Midterm Assessments Writing/reviewing PP	GLD Projections for EOY Cluster moderation EYFS team meetings Phase meeting and internal moderations EYFS data	Pupil progress meetings Parents evening info EYFS team meetings Writing/reviewing PP	Trust moderation EYFS team meetings Phase meeting and internal moderations EYFS data	Pupil progress meetings Parents Open Evening EYFS team meetings EOY data Writing/reviewing PP
PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT	Home/School Agreement Wow moments Phonics and reading workshops Tapestry Weekly	Wow moments Nativity Maths workshop Parents Evening Bedtime story evening Stay and Read Mornings Tapestry Weekly	Wow moments Parents to share a story Random acts of kindness challenge Tapestry Weekly	Wow moments Parents Evening Tapestry Weekly	Wow moments Summer picnic Tapestry Weekly	Wow moments Summer report Sports Day Tapestry Weekly

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEMES	Once Upon A Time	Day Turns to Night	Our Precious World	All Change	Creatures of the world Land (year A) Sea (Year B)	Out of This World
COMMUNICATION AND LANGUAGE						
Listening and Attention	Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Engage in story times.	Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Engage in story times.	Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary Engage in story times.	Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary Engage in story times.	Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.	Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.
Speaking	Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions. Start a conversation with an adult or a friend. Use talk to organise themselves and their play:	Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Develop social phrases	Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives.	Describe events in some detail Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities explain how things work and why they might happen.	Retell the story once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Use new vocabulary in different contexts.	Retell the story once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Use new vocabulary in different contexts.

National Curriculum KS1

Listening and Attention

listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates & gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) & consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others & select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.

Speaking

ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary * articulate and justify answers arguments and opinions * give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas * speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER :	1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEMES	Once Upon A Time	Day Turns to Night	Our Precious World	All Change	Creatures of the world Sea (Year	10	Out of This World
PSED Self- Regulat	3	Talk with others to solve conflicts. Talk about their feelings using	Understand gradually how others might be feeling.	Understand gradually how others might be feeling.	See themselves as a valuable individual	See themselve individual	s as a valuable
Managing	Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs, e.g., brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly	Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs, e.g., brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly	Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing	Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing	Show resilience and perseverance in the face of a challenge.	Show resilience perseverance in challenge.	
Building Relationsh	Build constructive	Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others.	Identify and moderate their own feelings, socially and emotionally.	Identify and moderate their own feelings, socially and emotionally	Think about the perspective of others		he perspective of thers
Nationa Curriculu KS1	-	KAPOW – Health and Wellbeing	KAPOW – Safety and the changing body	KAPOW – Citizenship	KAPOW – Economic Well Being	KAPOW	– Transition

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEMES	Once Upon A Time	Day Turns to Night	Our Precious World	All Change	Creatures of the world Land (year A) Sea (Year B)	Out of This World
PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT	co-ordination and agility. Gro hand-eye co-ordination which	ding opportunities for play both ss motor skills provide the fou h is later linked to early literac with feedback and support from	indation for developing healthy by. Repeated and varied oppo	y bodies and social and emotion of tunities to explore and play	onal well-being. Fine motor co with small world activities, puz	ntrol and precision helps with
FINE MOTOR	Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors. Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils. Show a preference for a dominant hand.	Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors. Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils. Show a preference for a dominant hand.	skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing,		Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.	
GROSS MOTOR	to carry out their own plan. For example, choosing a spade to enlarge a small			Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace. Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education	Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. Develop overall body-strength, balance, coordination and agility.	passing, batting, and aiming.
National Curriculum KS1	coordination, individually and increasingly challenging situa	mental movement skills, becor I with others. They should be ations. Pupils should be taught to apply these in a range of	able to engage in competitive to: * master basic movement	e (both against self and agains is including running, jumping, t	st others) and co-operative ph hrowing and catching, as well	ysical activities, in a range of as developing balance, agility

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEMES	Once Upon A Time	Day Turns to Night	Our Precious World	All Change	Creatures of the world Land (year A) Sea (Year B)	Out of This World
Word Reading	s, a,t,p,I,n,m,d,g,o,c,k,ck,e,u,r,h,b,f,I, Common Exception Words is, I, the Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can: • spot and suggest rhymes • count or clap syllables in a word • recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother Understand the five key concepts about print: • print has meaning • print can have different purposes • we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom • the names of the different parts of a book • page sequencing Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them	th,ng,nk Common Exception Words put, pull, full, as, and, has, his, her, go, no, to, into, she, push, we, of, he, be,me Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter—sound correspondences. Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them.	ai, ee, igh, oa, oo, oo, ar, or, ur, ow, oi, ear, air er words with double letters: dd mm tt bb rr gg pp Common Exception Words was, you, they, my, by, all are, sure, pure Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter—sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.	LITTLE WANDLE – PHASE 3 review Phase 3: ai ee igh oa oo ar or ur oo ow oi ear er, air, Review Common Exception Words so far. Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter—sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.	short vowels CVCC short vowels CVCC cCCVC CCCVCC root words ending in: — ing, —ed /t/, —ed /id/ /ed/ —est Common Exception Words said, so, have, like, some, come, love, do, were, here, little, says, there, when, what, one, out, today Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.	long vowel sounds CCVC CCCVC CCV CCVCC Phase 4 words with -s /s/ at the end Phase 4 words with -s /z/ at the end Phase 4 words with -es /z/ at the end longer words
Comprehension	Simple picture books, inclu	l and discussion of children's ideas ding those with no text, can be p wider range of vocabulary. This ty 'c	owerful ways of learning new	w vocabulary (for example, n veryday use but occurs freque	aming what's in the picture).	More complex stories will

Writing	Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy. Write some or all of their name.	shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for		Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s.	a capital letter and full stop	Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense.			
	 apply phonic knowledge and 	• apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words • respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where							

National Curriculum for word reading

applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes • read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught • read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word • read words containing taught GPCs and -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est endings • read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs • read words with contractions e.g. I'm, I'll, we'll, and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s) • read aloud accurately books that are consistent with developing phonic knowledge and that do not require use of other strategies to work out words • re-read phonically decodable books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading • Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: o listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which he/she can read independently o being encouraged to link what is read or heard read to his/her own experiences o becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics o learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart o discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known • Understand both the books he/she can already read accurately and fluently and those he/she listens to by: o drawing on what is already known or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher o checking that the text makes sense as he/she reads and correcting inaccurate reading o discussing the significance of the title and events o making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done o predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far • Participate in discussion about what is read to him/her, taking turns and listening to what others say • Explain clearly his/her understanding of what is read to him/her

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2			
GENERAL THEMES	Once Upon A Time	Day Turns to Night	Our Precious World	All Change	Creatures of the world Land (year A) Sea (Year B)	Out of This World			
MATHEMATICS	Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.								
Number	Count objects, actions and sounds.	• Subitise	Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value. Count beyond ten.	Compare numbers.	Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers.	 Explore the composition of numbers to 10. Automatically recall number bonds for numbers 0–5 and some to 10. 			
Numerical Patterns	Talk about and identify the patterns around them. For example: stripes on clothes, designs on rugs and wallpaper. Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs', etc.	 Extend and create ABAB patterns – stick, leaf, stick, leaf. Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then' 	Select, rotate and manipulate shapes to develop spatial reasoning skills. Compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it, just as numbers can.	Select, rotate and manipulate shapes to develop spatial reasoning skills. • Compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it, just as numbers can.	Continue, copy and create repeating patterns.	Compare length, weight and capacity			
National Curriculum	'then' other shapes within it, just as numbers can. other shapes within it, just as numbers can.								

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2	
GENERAL THEMES	Once Upon A Time	Day Turns to Night	Our Precious World	All Change	Creatures of the worldLand (year A) Sea (Year B)	Out of This World	
UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD	Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.						
Past and Present	Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. • Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.					st.	
People, Culture and Communities	Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people.	Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos.	•	Name and describe people who are familiar to them.		• Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries.	
The Natural World	Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice.	Draw information from a simple map.	Explore the natural world around them	Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside.	Recognise some environments that are different from the one in which they live.	Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them.	

National Curriculum

Science

During years 1 and 2, pupils should be taught to use the following practical scientific methods, processes and skills through the teaching of the programme of study content: * asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways * observing closely, using simple equipment * performing simple tests * identifying and classifying * using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions * gathering and recording data to help in answering questions.

History

Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions, choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented.

Geography

Pupils should develop knowledge about the world, the United Kingdom and their locality. They should understand basic subject-specific vocabulary relating to human and physical geography and begin to use geographical skills, including first-hand observation, to enhance their locational awareness.

RE - Taken from RE today

KS1 1.1 Who is a Christian ...? 1.2 Who is a Muslim ...? 1.3 Who is Jewish ...? 1.4 What can we learn from sacred books? 1.5 What makes some places sacred? 1.6 How and why do we celebrate special times? 1.7 What does it mean to belong to a faith community? 1.8 How should we care for others and the world

AUTUMN 1 AUTUMN 2 SPRING 1 SPRING 2 SUMMER 1 SUMMER 2

EARLY LEARNING GOALS

GENERAL THEMES	Once Upon A Time	Day Turns to Night	Our Precious World	All Change	Creatures of the world Land (year A) Sea (Year B)	Out of This World		
EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESIGN Creating with Materials		Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills						
Being Imaginative and Expressive	Remember and sing entire songs. Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs. Create their own songs or improvise a song around one they know.	Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.	Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.	Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses	Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.	Develop storylines in their pretend play. Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.		
National Curriculum	develop and share th	eir ideas, experiences and e, form and space 4 abo	nd imagination 4 to deve out the work of a range o	design and make productselop a wide range of art a of artists, craft makers and making lir	nd design techniques in d designers, describing t	using colour, pattern,		

	PERSONAL, SOCIAL			
ELG: Listening, Attention and	ELG: Self-Regulation Show an understanding of their own	ELG: Gross Motor Skills	ELG: Comprehension	ELG: Number
Understanding Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions	feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.	Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. Move energetically, such as	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in stories.	Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number; Subitise (recognise quantities withou counting) up to 5; - Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bond up to 5 (including subtraction facts)
Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding	Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and	running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. ELG: Fine Motor Skills	Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during	and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. ELG: Numerical Patterns
Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers	show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. ELG: Managing Self	Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing — using the tripod grip in almost all cases. Use a range of small tools,	roleplay. ELG: Word Reading Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.	Verbally count beyond 20, recognisin the pattern of the counting system; Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less that or the same as the other quantity.
ELG: Speaking Participate in small group, class	Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.	including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery.	Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.	Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and
and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.	Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.	Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.	Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.	odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.
Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary	Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food		ELG: Writing Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.	
from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.	choices. ELG: Building Relationships		Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.	
Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and	Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.		Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.	
making use of conjunctions, with modelling and	Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers.			

support from their teacher.

Show sensitivity to their own and to

others' needs.

ELG: Past and Present

Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society.

Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

ELG: People, Culture and Communities

Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.

Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps.

ELG: The Natural World

Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants.

Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

ELG: Creating with Mo

Safely use and explore a vi materials, tools and techn experimenting with colour, texture, form and funct

Share their creations, expla process they have used; - Mo props and materials when ro characters in narratives and

ELG: Being Imaginati Expressive

Invent, adapt and recount n and stories with peers an teacher.

Sing a range of well-known rhymes and songs; Perforn rhymes, poems and storie others, and – when appropr to move in time with m

EARLY LEARNING GOALS