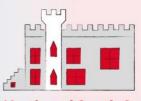


The Federation of North and South Cowton Community and Melsonby Methodist Primary Schools



Melsonby Methodist Primary School Live Life in all its Fullness



North and South Cowton Community Primary School Aspire, Inspire, Enquire

| Name of Policy: Attendance Policy | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Date of Policy Creation/ Review: | September 2024 School Policy | |
| Reason for Review: | Due in cycle | |
| Review Frequency: | Every 3 years | |
| Date of Next Review: | September 2027 | |
| Responsible Officer for Policy: | Headteacher | |
| Approved by: | Headteacher | |
| | | |

1. Aims

This policy aims to show our commitment to meeting our obligations with regards to school attendance, including those laid out in the Department for Education's (DfE's) statutory guidance on <u>working together to</u> <u>improve school attendance (applies from 19 August 2024)</u>, through our whole-school culture and ethos that values good attendance, including:

- Setting high expectations for the attendance and punctuality of all pupils
- Promoting good attendance and the benefits of good attendance
- Reducing absence, including persistent and severe absence
- Ensuring every pupil has access to the full-time education to which they are entitled
- Acting early to address patterns of absence
- > Building strong relationships with families to make sure pupils have the support in place to attend school

2. Legislation and guidance

This policy is based on the Department for Education's (DfE's) statutory guidance on <u>working together to</u> <u>improve school attendance (applies from 19 August 2024)</u> and <u>school attendance parental responsibility</u> <u>measures</u>. The guidance is based on the following pieces of legislation, which set out the legal powers and duties that govern school attendance:

- Part 6 of the <u>Education Act 1996</u>
- Part 3 of the Education Act 2002
- Part 7 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006
- The Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 (and 2010, 2011, 2013, and 2016 amendments)
- The School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024
- The Education (Penalty Notices) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2013 and the 2024 amendment

It also refers to:

- School census guidance
- Keeping Children Safe in Education
- Mental health issues affecting a pupil's attendance: guidance for schools

3. Roles and responsibilities

3.1 The governing board

The governing board is responsible for:

- Setting high expectations of all school leaders, staff, pupils and parents
- Making sure school leaders fulfil expectations and statutory duties, including:
 - Making sure the school records attendance accurately in the register, and shares the required information with the DfE and local authority
 - Making sure the schools work effectively with local partners to help remove barriers to attendance, and keeps them informed regarding specific pupils, where appropriate

- Recognising and promoting the importance of school attendance across the school's policies and ethos
- Making sure the school's attendance management processes are delivered effectively, and that consistent support is provided for pupils who need it most by prioritising staff and resources
- Making sure the Federation has high aspirations for all pupils, but adapts processes and support to pupils' individual needs
- Regularly reviewing and challenging attendance data and helping school leaders focus improvement efforts on individual pupils or cohorts who need it most
- Working with school leaders to set goals or areas of focus for attendance and providing support and challenge
- Monitoring attendance figures for the whole school and repeatedly evaluating the effectiveness of the school's processes and improvement efforts to make sure they are meeting pupils needs
- Where the school is struggling with attendance, working with school leaders to develop a comprehensive action plan to improve attendance
- > Holding the headteacher to account for the implementation of this policy

3.2 The designated attendance lead (Headteacher)

The headteacher is responsible for:

- The implementation of this policy at the school
- Monitoring school-level absence data and reporting it to governors
- Supporting staff with monitoring the attendance of individual pupils
- Monitoring the impact of any implemented attendance strategies
- Issuing fixed-penalty notices, where necessary
- Working with the parents of pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND) to develop specific support approaches for attendance for pupils with SEND, including where school transport is regularly being missed, and where pupils with SEND face in-school barriers
- Communicating with the local authority when a pupil with an education, health and care (EHC) plan has falling attendance, or where there are barriers to attendance that relate to the pupil's needs
- Communicating the school's high expectations for attendance and punctuality regularly to pupils and parents through all available channels

The designated senior leader responsible for attendance is Helen Robinson (Executive Headteacher) and can be contacted via the school admin emails or by contacting either school office.

3.3 Class teachers

Class teachers are responsible for recording attendance for both morning and afternoon sessions on a daily basis, using the correct codes (see Appendix 1), and submitting this information to our School Management Information System (Arbor).

3.4 Admin staff

School admin staff will:

- Take calls from parents/carers about absence on a day-to-day basis and record it on the school system
- Transfer calls from parents/carers to the Executive Headteacher or Deputy Head where appropriate, in order to provide them with more detailed support on attendance

3.5 Parents

Where this policy refers to a parent, it refers to the adult the school and/or local authority decides is most appropriate to work with, including:

- All natural parents, whether they are married or not
- > All those who have parental responsibility for a child or young person
- Those who have day-to-day responsibility for the child (i.e. lives with and looks after them)

Parents are expected to:

- Make sure their child attends every day on time
- Call the school to report their child's absence before 8:45am on the day of the absence and each subsequent day of absence, and advise when they are expected to return
- Provide the school with more than 1 emergency contact number for their child
- Ensure that, where possible, appointments for their child are made outside of the school day
- Seek support, where necessary, for maintaining good attendance, by contacting the Executive Headteacher

3.6 Pupils

Pupils are expected to:

> Attend school every day, on time

4. Recording attendance

4.1 Attendance register

We will keep an electronic attendance register, and place all pupils onto this register.

We will take our attendance register at the start of the first session of each school day and once during the second session. It will mark, using the appropriate national attendance and absence codes from the School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024, whether every pupil is:

- Present
- Attending an approved off-site educational activity
- > Absent
- Unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances

Any amendment to the attendance register will include:

- The original entry
- The amended entry
- The reason for the amendment
- The date on which the amendment was made
- > The name and position of the person who made the amendment

See Appendix 1 for the DfE attendance codes.

We will also record:

- For pupils of compulsory school age, whether the absence is authorised or not
- The nature of the activity, where a pupil is attending an approved educational activity
- The nature of circumstances, where a pupil is unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances

We will keep every entry on the attendance register for 6 years after the date on which the entry was made.

The school day starts at 8:45am and ends at 3:15pm.

Pupils must arrive in school by 8:40am on each school day.

The register for the first session will be taken at 8:45am and will be kept open until 9:00am. The register for the second session will be taken at 1:00pm.

4.2 Unplanned absence

The pupil's parent must notify the school of the reason for the absence on the first day of an unplanned absence by 8:30am or as soon as practically possible, by calling the school office staff, who can be contacted via the school phone number.

We will mark absence due to physical or mental illness as authorised, unless the school has a genuine concern about the authenticity of the illness.

Where the absence is longer than 5 days, or there are doubts about the authenticity of the illness, the school will ask for medical evidence, such as a doctor's note, prescription, appointment card or other appropriate form of evidence. We will not ask for medical evidence unnecessarily.

If the school is not satisfied about the authenticity of the illness, the absence will be recorded as unauthorised and parents will be notified of this in advance.

4.3 Planned absence

Attending a medical or dental appointment will be counted as authorised as long as the pupil's parent notifies the school in advance of the appointment.

Parents can request a leave of absence form from the school office or download an electronic version from the Federation website.

We encourage parents to make medical and dental appointments out of school hours where possible. Where this is not possible, the pupil should be out of school for the minimum amount of time necessary.

The pupil's parent must also apply for other types of term-time absence as far in advance as possible of the requested absence. Go to section 5 to find out which term-time absences the school can authorise.

4.4 Lateness and punctuality

A pupil who arrives late:

- Before the register has closed will be marked as late, using the appropriate code (Arriving between 8:45am and 9:00am)
- After the register has closed will be marked as absent, using the appropriate code (Arriving after 9:00am)

4.5 First Day Absence Procedures

A child not attending school is considered a **safeguarding** matter. This is why information about the cause of any absence is always required.

Where any pupil we expect to attend school does not attend, or stops attending, without reason, the school will:

• Call the pupil's parents on the morning of the first day of unexplained absence to ascertain the reason.

- Try the pupil's emergency contacts if unable to make contact with parents
- Make enquiries to known friends and wider family members if we have not had a response by 10am on the first day of absence.
- Undertake a home visit, if no other contact has been made.
- Where the school is unable to undertake a home visit, we will contact the police to request they undertake a welfare check.

4.6 Reporting to parents

Parents can track their child's attendance via the Arbor app.

Pupil attendance reports are sent annually and provide parents with a full overview of their child's attendance for the school year.

5. Authorised and unauthorised absence

5.1 Approval for term-time absence

The Executive Headteacher will allow pupils to be absent from the school site for certain educational activities, or to attend other schools or settings.

The Executive Headteacher will only grant a **leave of absence** to a pupil during term time if the request meets the specific circumstances set out in the <u>2024 school attendance regulations</u>. These circumstances are:

- > Taking part in a regulated performance, or regulated employment abroad
- A temporary, time-limited part-time timetable
- Exceptional circumstances

A leave of absence is granted at the Executive Headteacher's discretion, including the length of time the pupil is authorised to be absent for.

We define 'exceptional circumstances' as:

- Service personnel returning from active deployment.

- Where inflexibility of the parent's leave or working arrangements is part of the organisational or company policy. This would need to be evidenced by the production of confirmation from the organisation/company.

- Where leave is recommended as part of the parent's or child's rehabilitation from medical or emotional problems. Evidence must be provided.

- When a family needs to spend time together to support each other during or after a crisis.

As a leave of absence will only be granted in exceptional circumstances, it is unlikely a leave of absence will be granted for the purposes of a family holiday.

The school considers each application for term-time absence individually, taking into account the specific facts, circumstances and relevant background context behind the request.

Any request should be submitted as soon as it is anticipated and, where possible, at least 6 weeks before the absence, and in accordance with any leave of absence request form, accessible via the school office or from the Federation website. The Executive Headteacher may require evidence to support any request for leave of absence.

Other valid reasons for authorised absence include (but are not limited to):

- Illness (including mental-health illness) and medical/dental appointments (see sections 4.2 and 4.3 for more detail)
- Religious observance where the day is exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the pupil's parent(s) belong(s). If necessary, the school will seek advice from the parent's religious body to confirm whether the day is set apart

> If the pupil is currently suspended or excluded from school (and no alternative provision has been made)

Other reasons the school may allow a pupil to be absent from the school site, which are not classified as absences, include (but are not limited to):

- > Attending an offsite approved educational activity, sporting activity or visit or trip arranged by the school
- > Attending another school at which the pupil is also registered (dual registration)
- Attending provision arranged by the local authority
- Attending work experience
- If there is any other unavoidable cause for the pupil not to attend school, such as disruption to travel caused by an emergency, a lack of access arrangements, or because the school premises are closed

5.2 Sanctions

Our school will make use of the full range of potential sanctions – including, but not limited to, those listed below – to tackle poor attendance. Decisions will be made on an individual, case-by-case basis.

Penalty notices

The Executive Headteacher (or someone authorised by them), local authority or the police can fine parents for the unauthorised absence of their child from school, where the child is of compulsory school age, by issuing a penalty notice.

If the school issues a penalty notice, it will check with the local authority before doing so, and send it a copy of any penalty notice issued.

Before issuing a penalty notice, the school will consider the individual case, including:

- Whether the national threshold for considering a penalty notice has been met (10 sessions of unauthorised absence in a rolling period of 10 school weeks)
- Whether a penalty notice is the best available tool to improve attendance for that pupil
- Whether further support, a notice to improve or another legal intervention would be a more appropriate solution
- Whether any obligations that the school has under the Equality Act 2010 make issuing a penalty notice inappropriate

Each parent who is liable for the pupil's offence(s) can be issued with a penalty notice, but this will usually only be the parent/parents who allowed the absence.

The payment must be made directly to the local authority, regardless of who issues the notice. If the payment has not been made after 28 days, the local authority can decide whether to prosecute or withdraw the notice.

If issued with a first penalty notice, the parent must pay £80 within 21 days, or £160 within 28 days.

If a **second** penalty notice is issued to the same parent in respect of the same pupil, the parent must pay £160 if paid within 28 days.

A **third** penalty notice cannot be issued to the same parent in respect of the same child within 3 years of the date of the issue of the first penalty notice. In a case where the national threshold is met for a third time within those 3 years, alternative action will be taken instead.

A penalty notice may also be issued where parents allow their child to be present in a public place during school hours without reasonable justification, during the first 5 days of a suspension or exclusion (where the school has notified the parents that the pupil must not be present in a public place on that day). These penalty notices are not included in the National Framework, not subject to the same considerations about support being provided, and do not count towards the limit as part of the escalation process. In these cases, the parent must pay £60 within 21 days, or £120.

Notices to improve

If the national threshold has been met and support is appropriate, but parents do not engage with offers of support, the school may offer a notice to improve to give parents a final chance to engage with support.

Notices to improve will be issued in line with processes set out in the local code of conduct for the local authority area in which the pupil attends school.

They will include:

- Details of the pupil's attendance record and of the offences
- The benefits of regular attendance and the duty of parents under section 7 of the Education Act 1996
- Details of the support provided so far
- > Opportunities for further support, or to access previously provided support that was not engaged with
- A clear warning that a penalty notice may be issued if attendance doesn't improve within the improvement period, along with details of what sufficient improvement looks like, which will be decided on a case-bycase basis
- A clear timeframe of between 3 and 6 weeks for the improvement period
- > The grounds on which a penalty notice may be issued before the end of the improvement period

6. Attendance monitoring

6.1 Monitoring attendance

The school will monitor attendance and absence data (including punctuality) half-termly, termly and yearly across the school and at an individual pupil, year group and cohort level.

Specific pupil information will be shared with the DfE on request.

Data will be collected each term and published at national and local authority level through the DfE's school absence national statistics releases. The underlying school-level absence data is published alongside the national statistics.

The school will benchmark its attendance data at whole school and year group level against national levels to identify areas of focus for improvement, and share this with the governing board.

6.2 Analysing attendance

The school will:

- Analyse attendance and absence data regularly to identify pupils, groups or cohorts that need additional support with their attendance, and
- Identify pupils whose absences may be a cause for concern, especially those who demonstrate patterns of persistent or severe absence
- Conduct thorough analysis of half-termly, termly, and full-year data to identify patterns and trends
- Look at historic and emerging patterns of attendance and absence, and then develop strategies to address these patterns

6.3 Reducing persistent and severe absence

Persistent absence is where a pupil misses 10% or more of school, and severe absence is where a pupil misses 50% or more of school. Reducing persistent and severe absence is central to the school's strategy for improving attendance.

The school will:

- > Use attendance data to find patterns and trends of persistent and severe absence
- Consider potential safeguarding issues and, where suspected or present, address them in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education
- Hold regular meetings with the parents of pupils who the school (and/or local authority) considers to be vulnerable or at risk of persistent or severe absence, or who are persistently or severely absent, to:
 - Discuss attendance and engagement at school
 - Listen, and understand barriers to attendance
 - o Explain the help that is available
 - Explain the potential consequences of, and sanctions for, persistent and severe absence
 - o Review any existing actions or interventions
- Provide access to wider support services to remove the barriers to attendance, in conjunction with the local authority, where relevant
- Consider alternative support that could be put in place to remove any barriers to attendance and reengage these pupils. In doing so, the school will sensitively consider some of the reasons for absence
- > Implement sanctions, where necessary (see section 5.2, above)

Appendix 1: attendance codes

| Code | Definition | Scenario | |
|---|---|--|--|
| / | Present (am) | Pupil is present at morning registration | |
| ١ | Present (pm) | Pupil is present at afternoon registration | |
| L | Late arrival | Pupil arrives late before register has closed | |
| Attending a place other than the school | | | |
| к | Attending education provision arranged by the local authority | Pupil is attending a place other than a school at which they are registered, for educational provision arranged by the local authority | |
| v | Attending an educational visit or trip | Pupil is on an educational visit/trip organised or approved by the school | |
| Р | Participating in a sporting activity | Pupil is participating in a supervised sporting activity approved by the school | |
| w | Attending work experience | Pupil is on an approved work experience placement | |
| В | Attending any other approved educational activity | Pupil is attending a place for an approved educational activity that is not a sporting activity or work experience | |
| D | Dual registered | Pupil is attending a session at another setting where they are also registered | |
| Absent – leave of absence | | | |
| C1 | Participating in a regulated performance or undertaking regulated employment abroad | Pupil is undertaking employment (paid or unpaid) during school hours, approved by the school | |
| м | Medical/dental appointment | Pupil is at a medical or dental appointment | |
| J1 | Interview | Pupil has an interview with a prospective employer/educational establishment | |

| S | Study leave | Pupil has been granted leave of absence to study for a public examination | |
|----|---|--|--|
| x | Not required to be in school | Pupil of non-compulsory school age is not required to attend | |
| C2 | Part-time timetable | Pupil is not in school due to having a part-time timetable | |
| С | Exceptional circumstances | Pupil has been granted a leave of absence due to exceptional circumstances | |
| | Absent – other aut | horised reasons | |
| т | Parent travelling for occupational purposes | Pupil is a 'mobile child' who is travelling with their parent(s) who are travelling for occupational purposes | |
| R | Religious observance | Pupil is taking part in a day of religious observance | |
| I | Illness (not medical or dental appointment) | Pupil is unable to attend due to illness (either related to physical or mental health) | |
| E | Suspended or excluded | Pupil has been suspended or excluded from school and no alternative provision has been made | |
| | Absent – unable to attend school | because of unavoidable cause | |
| Q | Lack of access arrangements | Pupil is unable to attend school because the local authority has failed to make access arrangements to enable attendance at school | |
| Y1 | Transport not available | Pupil is unable to attend because school is not within walking distance of their home and the transport normally provided is not available | |
| Y2 | Widespread disruption to travel | Pupil is unable to attend because of widespread disruption to travel caused by a local, national or international emergency | |
| Y3 | Part of school premises closed | Pupil is unable to attend because they cannot practicably be accommodated in the part of the premises that remains open | |

| Y4 | Whole school site unexpectedly closed | Every pupil absent as the school is closed unexpectedly (e.g. due to adverse weather) | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| Y5 | Criminal justice detention | Pupil is unable to attend as they are: In police detention Remanded to youth detention, awaiting trial or sentencing, or Detained under a sentence of detention | |
| Y6 | Public health guidance or law | Pupil's travel to or attendance at the school would be prohibited under public health guidance or law | |
| Y7 | Any other unavoidable cause | To be used where an unavoidable cause is not covered by the other codes | |
| | Absent – unautho | prised absence | |
| G | Holiday not granted by the school | Pupil is absent for the purpose of a holiday, not approved by the school | |
| N | Reason for absence not yet established | Reason for absence has not been established before the register closes | |
| 0 | Absent in other or unknown circumstances | No reason for absence has been established, or the school isn't satisfied that the reason given would be recorded using one of the codes for authorised absence | |
| U | Arrived in school after registration closed | Pupil has arrived late, after the register has closed but before the end of session | |
| Administrative codes | | | |
| Z | Prospective pupil not on admission register | Pupil has not joined school yet but has been registered | |
| # | Planned whole-school closure | Whole-school closures that are known and planned in advance, including school holidays | |
| | | | |

Appendix 2

APPLICATION FOR PUPILS LEAVE OF ABSENCE IN EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES

This form should be completed by the parent/carer and returned to school as far in advance as possible and at least 6 weeks before the first date of the period of leave being requested. Parents/carers must obtain the schools permission before making any arrangements for leave in **exceptional circumstances**, otherwise the absence will be recorded as unauthorised.

No parent/carer can demand leave of absence as a right. The Education Regulations state that applications for leave must be made in advance by a parent/carer with whom the child lives and can only be authorised by the school in **exceptional circumstances**. Each application is considered individually by the school.

The following are examples of the criteria for leave of absence, which may be considered as 'exceptional':

- Service personnel returning from active deployment.
- Where inflexibility of the parent's leave or working arrangements is part of the organisational or company policy. This would need to be evidenced by the production of confirmation from the organisation/company.
- Where leave is recommended as part of the parent's or child's rehabilitation from medical or emotional problems. Evidence must be provided.
- When a family needs to spend time together to support each other during or after a crisis.

Please note: Headteachers would not be expected to class any term time holiday as exceptional.

This is not an exhaustive list and Headteachers must consider the individual circumstances of each case when making a decision on this matter. Where a Headteacher feels that there may be **exceptional circumstances** which do not fit the criteria, they may refer to the Local Authority for advice. The decision of the Headteacher is final. <u>Parents who take a child on leave in term time, without the permission of the school, risk being issued with a penalty notice fine for unauthorised absences.</u>

Taking a pupil on leave during term time interrupts teaching and learning and can disrupt educational progress. Before completing this application, parents/carers are asked to consider the effect on their child's continuity of education.

Please complete the application form and return it to the school office.

The Federation of Nofrth and South Cowton and Melsonby Methodist Primary Schools

APPLICATION FOR PUPIL LEAVE OF ABSENCE IN EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES

| Name of pupil(s) | Class(es) |
|------------------|-----------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

I request permission for my child/children to be absent from school:

| Date from: | Date to: |
|------------------------------|----------|
| Total number of school days: | |

Exceptional circumstances for this request: Please complete this section and explain the reason why your child/children will need to be absent from school in term time.

| Signature of parent/carer: | Date: | |
|----------------------------|-------|--|
| | | |
| | | |

| FOR SCHOOL USE ONLY | | | |
|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Seen by | | Date | |
| Decision | | Date Reply returned | |